SPECIALISED COMMISSIONING - CLINICAL EVIDENCE EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR A PROPOSITION FOR A CLINICAL COMMISSIONING POLICY FOR ROUTINE COMMISSIONING

URN: 1693

TITLE: Mechanical assist circulatory devices for advanced heart failure

CRG: Cardiothoracic services NPOC: Internal Medicine Lead: Ursula Peaple Date: 21/02/18

This policy is being	For routine		Not for routine	Х
considered for:	commissioning		commissioning	^
Is the population	Yes.	<u>l</u>	Commissioning	
described in the policy	103.			
the same as that in the				
evidence review				
including subgroups?				
Is the intervention	Yes.			
described in the policy				
the same or similar as				
the intervention for which				
evidence is presented in				
the evidence review?				
Is the comparator in the	See previous report.			
policy the same as that				
in the evidence				
review? Are the				
comparators in the				
evidence review the				
most plausible				
comparators for patients				
in the English NHS and				
are they suitable for informing policy				
development?				
development:				
Are the clinical benefits	The Panel noted the	clinica	al benefits in terms of EQ	5D.
demonstrated in the			on the 6 minute walking	
evidence review			ed that these conclusion	
consistent with the			e studies based upon reg	_
eligible population and/or	•		se outcomes were poor,	,
subgroups presented in			to respond, were not incl	uded
the policy?	in the analysis.	•	•	
Are the clinical harms	As before the Panel	noted	the risk of significant har	ns.
demonstrated in the	As before the Panel noted the risk of significant harms, including bleeding, stroke and infection.			
evidence review	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
reflected in the eligible				

and /or ineligible population and/or subgroups presented in the policy?					
Rationale Is the rationale clearly linked to the evidence?	The Panel required the policy proposition to include full detail of the evidence review including the cost effectiveness analysis.				
Advice The Panel should provide advice on matters relating to the evidence base and policy development and prioritisation. Advice may cover: • Uncertainty in the evidence base • Challenges in the clinical interpretation and applicability of policy in clinical practice • Challenges in ensuring policy is applied appropriately • Likely changes in the pathway of care and therapeutic advances that may result in the need for policy review.	To proceed as a not for rocconsultation.	utine commissionin	g position to		
Overall conclusion	This is a proposition for routine commissioning and	Should proceed for routine commissioning Should reversed and proceed as not for routine commissioning			
	This is a proposition for not routine commissioning and	•	X		

Report approved by:

James Palmer

Medical Director Specialised Services Chair Clinical Panel