

Integrated Impact Assessment Report for Service Specifications			
Service Specification Reference Number	1737		
Service Specification Title	Proton Beam Therapy PBT (All ages) Proposal <u>for routine commission</u> (source A3.1)		
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Section A - Activity Impact			
A1 Current Patient Population & Demography / Growth			
A1.1 Prevalence of the disease/condition.	The service specification covers a number of rare cancers and prevalence varies by age group (paediatric, teenage & young adult (TYA), adult) Source: Clinical Commissioning Policies for PBT (Paediatric, TYA, Adult)		
A1.2 Number of patients currently eligible for the service according to the proposed service specification commissioning criteria.	At full capacity up to 1500 patients per year will be eligible for Proton Beam Therapy (PBT) Source: Service Specification Please specify		
A1.3 Age group for which the service is proposed according to the service specification commissioning criteria.	All ages Please specify The service specification should be read in conjunction with the clinical commissioning policies for PBT which can be found at https://www.england.nhs.uk/commissioning/spec-services/npc-crg/group-b/b01/		
A1.4 Age distribution of the patient population eligible according to the proposed service specification commissioning criteria	All Ages Source: Service specification Proposal section 3.1. Clinical Commissioning Policies for Paediatric, TYA & Adult Please specify All Ages		
A1.5 How is the population currently distributed geographically?	Evenly If unevenly, estimate regional distribution by %:		

	North	enter %
	Midlands & East	enter %
	London	enter %
	South	enter %
	Source: Service speci	ification proposition section 6
	Please specify	
	in Manchester (from A numbers within curren patients that will acces	e will be a national service, provided from two centres Aug 2018) and London (from 2020). Although ont commissioning policies are very low, there are set the service from Scotland and Northern Ireland especially North Wales pathway).
A2 Future Patient Population & Demography		
A2 Future Patient Population & Demography A2.1 Projected changes in the disease/condition epidemiology, such as incidence or prevalence (prior to applying the new service specification) in 2, 5, and 10 years?	Increasing If other, Source: Servi	rice specification proposition section 3.2
A2.1 Projected changes in the disease/condition epidemiology, such as incidence or prevalence (prior to applying the new service		rice specification proposition section 3.2
A2.1 Projected changes in the disease/condition epidemiology, such as incidence or prevalence (prior to applying the new service specification) in 2, 5, and 10 years? A2.2 Are there likely to be changes in demography of the patient	If other, Source: Servi	rice specification proposition section 3.2
A2.1 Projected changes in the disease/condition epidemiology, such as incidence or prevalence (prior to applying the new service specification) in 2, 5, and 10 years?	If other, Source: Servi Yes Please specify	
A2.1 Projected changes in the disease/condition epidemiology, such as incidence or prevalence (prior to applying the new service specification) in 2, 5, and 10 years? A2.2 Are there likely to be changes in demography of the patient	Yes Please specify UK population has ground With a very high proportion proportion and proportion are imparting to the second and the second high proportion are imparting to the second high proporti	own from 61.4m in 2008/09 to 65.5m in 2017 & the ghest birth rate in western Europe. ortion of paediatric and TYA cancers indicated for a rate of population has been assumed to be 10% for 18 and 6.4% for 2018-2028, as this will have a act on proton demand.

	Source: ONS.	
A2.3 Expected net increase or decrease in the number of patients	YR2 +/-	578
who will be eligible for the service, according to the proposed service specification commissioning criteria, per year in years 2-5	YR3 +/-	852
and 10?	YR4 +/-	1316
	YR5 +/-	1500
	YR10 +/-	1500
	Source: PBT Tra	ansition Plan
Are these numbers in line with ONS growth assumptions for the age specific population? If not please justify the growth assumptions made. A3 Activity	capacity increase	ations eligible for PBT will be expanded as available es up to 1500 patients per week. It is anticipated that the dditional clinical indications will be for adult patients.
A3.1 What is the purpose of new service specification?	*PSSAG / Other r *PSSAG / Other r *PSSAG (Prescri Please specify Two PBT centres University Colleg million pound bui (revenue). The C	specification for a new service approved to be by NHS England for the first time in accordance with recommendation ibed Specialised Services Advisory Group) s are under construction, at The Christie, Manchester and the London Hospitals (UCLH). These are complex multilids underwritten by DH (capital) and NHS England Christie centre will open in summer 2018 and treat its first to 2018. UCLH will open in late summer 2020.

A3.2 What is the annual activity associated with the existing pathway for the eligible population?	Approximately 200 patients per annum Source: PBT Overseas Programme Please specify Under the Proton Overseas Programme approximately 200 patients are
	eligible and able to access PBT in the USA or Switzerland. It is anticipated that changes in clinical commissioning policy will add up to 50 cases per annum prior to the NHS service opening in August 2018
A3.3 What is the estimated annual activity associated with the proposed service specification proposition pathway for the eligible	1500 patients at full capacity
population?	Source: PBT Service Specification Please specify
	Maximum capacity for the NHS PBT service will be 1500 patients per annum. Clinical indications eligible for PBT will be expanded as capacity is available
A4 Patient Pathway	
A4.1 Patient pathway	There are currently 4 clinical commissioning policies for PBT:
	There are currently 4 clinical commissioning policies for PBT: • Proton Beam Radiotherapy (High Energy) for Paediatric Cancer Treatment
A4.1 Patient pathway	Proton Beam Radiotherapy (High Energy) for Paediatric Cancer
A4.1 Patient pathway	 Proton Beam Radiotherapy (High Energy) for Paediatric Cancer Treatment Proton Beam Radiotherapy (High Energy) for Teenage and Young Adult Cancer Treatment Proton Beam Radiotherapy (High Energy) for Skull Base Tumour
A4.1 Patient pathway	 Proton Beam Radiotherapy (High Energy) for Paediatric Cancer Treatment Proton Beam Radiotherapy (High Energy) for Teenage and Young Adult Cancer Treatment

	application and assess this against the criteria contained in the clinical commissioning policies. If approved, the panel makes a commissioning recommendation that a referral can be made and this is communicated to the referring clinician. The referring clinician will then make a direct referral to an approved overseas treatment centre. Approximately 200 - 230 patients are 'approved for referral' per annum. It is estimated this figure could reach as high as 250. Source: PBT Overseas Programme
A4.2. What are the current service access and stopping criteria?	These are included in the clinical commissioning policies listed in A4.1 Source: PBT Clinical Commissioning Policies
A4.3 What percentage of the total eligible population are: a) Referred b) Meet any existing criteria for care c) Considered to meet any existing exclusion criteria	If not known, please specify: This is a complex service as it covers the radiotherapy element of treatment in a group of relatively rare cancers. The challenges of treatment abroad will limit access in itself and should not to be underestimated, so the figures below represent what is referred into the Overseas Programme and numbers approved for PBT. For paediatric cancer there are limits to current referral, mainly concerning timing and safety, but the relative referral rate is very high but exact quantification is difficult to judge without an analysis of RTDS and/or CCLG activity profiles by centre. For certain paediatric diagnoses very high levels of referral are already within the Proton Overseas Programme pathways (Low Grade Glioma/Ependymoma/Rhabdomyosarcoma/Peripheral Primitive Neuroectodermal Tumours (PPNET) The pathways of referral away from local radiotherapy departments in these areas are well established. For the very different tumour range in adult policies, whilst the pathways exist now, in skull base, spinal and head and neck cancers there are barriers due to surgical quality aspects or complications in alignment of UK vs EU and USA clinical policies and supportive care before and after treatment that mean uptake for PBT is still variable and approvals against policy relatively low. a) Numbers referred Average per annum

a)1 -Paediatric 133 a)2 TYA 34 a)3 Adult 58

b)1 Paediatric 92%

b)2 TYA 91%

b)3 Unknown as no denominator numbers

Source: NHS England Proton Overseas Programme database years 2014-2016

A4.4 What percentage of the total eligible population is expected to:

a) Be referred to the proposed service

b) Be eligible for care according to the proposed criteria for the service

c) Take up care according to the proposed criteria for the service

d) Continue care according to the proposed criteria for the service?

If not known, please specify Changes to the Paediatric and TYA Policies that include Medulloblastoma and several other rare cancers will increase potential access to PBT. In addition, having a service delivered in the UK will allow an unmet need for many patients (often immediate post-op or at risk due to chemotherapy and too ill to safely travel abroad) to be addressed.

The impact of radiotherapy with PBT for adult skull base spinal and other sarcomas as well as less common head and neck cancers close to the skull base will increase access. This aligns with the concepts within the wider current NHS England Radiotherapy Modernisation framework.

For all other future adult indications the numbers are likely to be very small relative numbers of patients spread across the whole range of cancer types for which radiotherapy is used and limited to small subsets of more common cancers and also patients in clinical trials. Given that the overall PBT capacity available within the two NHS PBT centres represents only 0.5-1% of all radiotherapy in the UK and therefore very limited, the impact on the existing adult RT services will be minimal.

The assessment given below against current commissioning policies can only be in orders of magnitude as disease and site-specific data is not available for what is Not currently referred (see explanations above).

	a1 – Paediatric cancer RT uptake HIGH (excluding TBI/whole brain RT and palliative RT)
	a) a2 – TYA cancers RT uptake MEDIUM/HIGH
	a) a3 – Adult Skull Base Sarcomas uptake HIGH
	a) a4 - Adult Spinal /Paraspinal Sarcomas uptake HIGH
	Adult Paranasal and Head and Neck spectrum Skull Base Cancers uptake MEDIUM/HIGH
	b) Uptake estimates as above in a
	c) Inverse of above
	Source: Experience from Proton Overseas Programme and Site Specialist National Clinical Reference Panel discussions and NHS England RT Modernisation framework.
A4.5 Specify the nature and duration of the proposed new service	One off
or intervention.	For time limited services, specify frequency and/or duration.
	Treatment will be delivered on an outpatient basis, 5 days per week over a 6-8 week period.
	Source: PBT Service Specification 3.2
A5 Service Setting	
A5.1 How is this service delivered to the patient?	Select all that apply:
4.0.	
	Emergency/Urgent care attendance

	Acute Trust: inpatient			
	Acute Trust: day patient	.		
	Acute Trust: outpatient	X	\boxtimes	
	Mental Health provider: inp	atient		
	Mental Health provider: out	patient		
	Community setting			
	Homecare			
	Other			
	Please specify:			
		on an outpa	atient	basis, 5 days per week over a
	6-8 week period.			
A5.2 What is the current number of contracted providers for the	NORTH	1		
eligible population by region?	MIDLANDS & EAST	number		
	LONDON	1		
	SOUTH	number		
A5.3 Does the proposition require a change of delivery setting or capacity requirements?	yes Please specify:			
capacity requirements:		constructio	n, at	The Christie, Manchester and
	University College London Hospitals (UCLH). These are complex multi-			
	•	•		(capital) and NHS England
	· · ·		•	in summer 2018 and treat its
	first patient in August 20 Source: PBT Development		vill op	en in late summer 2020.
	Source. For Development?	-yi cellicill		

A6 Coding		
A6.1 Specify the datasets used to record the new patient pathway	Select all that apply:	
activity.	Aggregate Contract Monitoring *	
*expected to be populated for all commissioned activity	Patient level contract monitoring	
	Patient level drugs dataset	
	Patient level devices dataset	
	Devices supply chain reconciliation dataset	
	Secondary Usage Service (SUS+)	
	Mental Health Services DataSet (MHSDS)	
	National Return**	
	Clinical Database**	
	Other**	
	**If National Return, Clinical database or other RTDS	selected, please specify:
A6.2 Specify how the activity related to the new patient pathway will	Select all that apply:	
be identified.	OPCS v4.8	
	ICD10	
	Service function code	
4'0	Main Speciality code	
	HRG	

	SNOMED
	Clinical coding / terming methodology used by clinical profession
A6.3 Identification Rules for Drugs: How are any drug costs captured?	Not applicable If already specified in the current NHS England Drug / Devices List, please specify drug name and indication for all that apply: If drug(s) NOT already been specified in the current NHS England Drug List please give details of action required and confirm that this has been discussed with the pharmacy lead:
A6.4 Identification Rules for Devices: How are device costs captured?	Not applicable If device(s) covered by an existing category of HCTED please specify the Device Category (as per the National Tariff Payment System Guidance) for all that apply: If device(s) not excluded from Tariff nor covered within existing National or Local prices please specify details of action required and confirm that this has been discussed with the HCTED team.
A6.5 Identification Rules for Activity: How are activity costs captured?	Already captured by an existing specialised service line (NCBPS code) within the PSS Tool but needs amendment If the activity is captured but the service line needs amendment please specify whether the proposed amendments have been documented and agreed with the Identification Rules team.

	No. Radiotherapy HRG will need to be amended to include PBT
A7 Monitoring	
A7.1 Contracts Specify any new or revised data flow or data collection requirements, needed for inclusion in the NHS Standard Contract Information Schedule. Please identify any excluded drugs or devices relevant to the service and their current status with regard to NHS England specialised services commissioning.	Yes - other Please specify Specific analytical information, monitoring and reporting is required for the following: - Open-book accounting (finance and activity) - Activity - Quality Indicators - Outcomes - Clinical - Patient reported outcomes
A7.2 Business intelligence Is there potential for duplicate reporting?	No If yes, please specify mitigation:
A7.3 Contract monitoring Is this part of routine contract monitoring?	Yes If no, please specify contract monitoring requirement:
A7.4 Dashboard reporting Specify whether a dashboard exists for the proposed service?	No If yes, specify how routine performance monitoring data will be used for dashboard reporting.

	If no, will one be developed?
	Detailed Quality Indicators have been developed for this service. These will be included in section 6 of the standard NHS Contract to be put in place for the service
A7.5 NICE reporting Are there any directly applicable NICE or equivalent quality standards which need to be monitored in association with the new service specification?	No If yes, specify how performance monitoring data will be used for this purpose.
Section F	3 - Service Impact
B1 Service Organisation B1.1 Describe how the service is currently organised? (i.e. tertiary	Patients whose conditions are eligible for PBT under current clinical
centres, networked provision etc.)	commissioning policy and are able to be treated overseas in centres in the USA and Switzerland. Patients whose conditions are not eligible or unable to travel are treated with conventional radiotherapy.
	Source: PBT Overseas Programme
B1.2 Will the specification change the way the commissioned service is organised?	Yes Please specify:
	The majority of curative paediatric radiotherapy, excluding TBI, will be undertaken at the NHS PBT centres, thus impacting significantly on the NHS paediatric radiotherapy service. The proton overseas programme has already had a very significant impact on the activity of paediatric

	issues. It is anticipated there will be further impact on the throughput and activity levels at current NHS providers of paediatric radiotherapy, particularly as the treatment of Craniospinal radiation for Medulloblastoma transfers to the NHS PBT service. Source: Cancer Programme of Care Board		
B1.3 Will the specification require a new approach to the organisation of care?	Other Please specify: The Radiotherapy CRG have on paediatric radio	is reviewing the impact the new PBT service will otherapy	
B2 Geography & Access			
B2.1 Where do current referrals come from?	Select all that apply:		
	GP		
	Secondary care		
	Tertiary care		
	Other		
40	Please specify: Referrals are made via	Specialist Cancer Centres	
B2.2 What impact will the new service specification have on the sources of referral?	No impact Please specify: Referral sources/netwo Overseas Programme	rks are already established through the Proton	

B2.3 Is the new service specification likely to improve equity of access?	Increase Please specify: The new NHS PBT service will allow for the expansion of clinical indications eligible for PBT. It will also allow those patients currently eligible, but unable to access PBT for clinical (too unwell) or social reasons (e.g. not allowed entry to the USA) to access treatment Source: Equalities Impact Assessment
B2.4 Is the new service specification likely to improve equality of access and/or outcomes?	Increase Please specify: As 2.3 above. An expected benefit of PBT is that patient outcomes, particularly the reduction in late side effects, increasing local control and cure rates Source: Equalities Impact Assessment
B3 Implementation	
B3.1 Will commissioning or provider action be required before implementation of the proposition can occur?	Contract action Please specify: This a new service for the NHS and will require an NHS contract with finance, activity, quality indicators etc included. Work on this is in progress and on schedule.
B3.2 Time to implementation: Is a lead-in time required prior to implementation?	Yes - go to B3.3 If yes, specify the likely time to implementation: The service at The Christie will open (take first referrals in summer 2018 and first patient treatment will be on 31 st August 2018. UCLH will open in September 2020

B3.3 Time to implementation:	<u>Yes</u>
If lead-in time is required prior to implementation, will an interim plan for implementation be required?	If yes, outline the plan:
	A full transition plan outlining the transition of activity from the Proton Overseas Programme and 'ramp-up' of the NHS PBT service at The Christie has been developed and will be refined over the intervening period.
B3.4 Is a change in provider physical infrastructure required?	Yes Please specify:
	Two PBT centres are under construction, at The Christie, Manchester and University College London Hospitals (UCLH). These are complex multimillion pound builds underwritten by DH (capital) and NHS England (revenue). The Christie centre will open in summer 2018 and treat its first patient in August 2018. UCLH will open in late summer 2020.
B3.5 Is a change in provider staffing required?	Yes
	Please specify: Each PBT centre has workforce development and recruitment plans in place. These have been agreed with the PBT Programme Team.
B3.6 Are there new clinical dependency and/or adjacency requirements that would need to be in place?	Yes Discourse it is
requirements that would need to be in place:	Please specify: As per the service specification 'undertaking PBT within a major cancer centre, linked to an academic oncology and medical physics framework is essential'. Dependency and adjacencies are outlined in the service specification. Specifically many patients will be receiving concurrent treatment for their condition such as chemotherapy which will need to be provided at or close to the PBT centre.

B3.7 Are there changes in the support services that need to be in place?	Yes "			
	Please specify:			
	over a 6-8 we patients will n	ek period) and lo eed to be away f	ocations of the centre rom home for long p	ient 5 days per week es, the majority of eriods and therefore ces will need to be in
B3.8 Is there a change in provider and/or inter-provider governance	No			
required? (e.g. ODN arrangements / prime contractor)	Please specif	y:		
	The Christie	and UCLH will be	PBT provider Trusts	3
B3.9 Is there likely to be either an increase or decrease in the	Increase			
number of commissioned providers? If yes, specify the current and	Please comp	lete the table:		
estimated number of providers required in each region	Region	Current no. of providers	Future State expected range	Provisional or confirmed
	North	0	1	<u>C</u>
	Midlands & East	0	0	<u>C</u>
	London	0	1	<u>c</u>
	South	0	0	<u>C</u>
	Total	0	2	<u>C</u>
	Please specif	y:		
		service to the NH npetitive process	HS. Both provider tru	ists were selected
B3.10 Specify how revised provision will be secured by NHS	Select all the	at apply:		

England as the responsible commissioner.	Publication and notification of new service specification	
	Market intervention required	
	Competitive selection process to secure increase or decrease provider configuration	
	Price-based selection process to maximise cost effectiveness	
	Any qualified provider	
	National Commercial Agreements e.g. drugs, devices	
	Procurement	
	Other	\boxtimes
	Please specify: A competitive procurement process was held in 2010 wh the two Trusts as providers of the NHS PBT service	nich designated
B4 Place-based Commissioning		
B4.1 Is this service currently subject to, or planned for, place-based commissioning arrangements? (e.g. future CCG lead, devolved commissioning arrangements, STPs)	No Please specify: The service will fall within the direct commissioning responsible to the service will fall within the direct commissioning responsible to the service will fall within the direct commissioning responsib	onsibility of NHS

Section C - Finance Impact				
C1 Tariff/Pricing				
C1.1 How is the service contracted and/or charged?	Select all that apply:			
Only specify for the relevant section of the patient pathway		Not separately charged – part of local or national tariffs		
	Drugs	Excluded from tariff – pass through		
		Excluded from tariff - other		
		Not separately charged – part of local or national tariffs		
		Excluded from tariff (excluding ZCM) – pass through		
	Devices	Excluded from tariff (excluding ZCM) – other		
		Via Zero Cost Model		
		Paid entirely by National Tariffs		
		Paid entirely by Local Tariffs		
		Partially paid by National Tariffs		
	Activity	Partially paid by Local Tariffs		
		Part/fully paid under a Block arrangement		
60,		Part/fully paid under Pass-Through arrangements		
		Part/fully paid under Other arrangements (see C1.6)	\boxtimes	
C1.2 Drug Costs Where not included in national or local tariffs, list each drug or combination, dosage, quantity, list price including VAT if applicable and any other key information e.g. Chemotherapy Regime.	Not applica	ble		

NB discounted prices or local prices must not be included as these are subject to commercial confidentiality and must not be disclosed.	
C1.3 Device Costs Where not included in national or local tariff, list each element of the excluded device, quantity, list or expected price including VAT if applicable and any other key information. NB: Discounted prices or local prices must not be included as these are subject to commercial confidentiality and must not be disclosed.	Not applicable
C1.4 Activity Costs covered by National Tariff	Not applicable
List all the HRG codes, HRG descriptions, national tariffs (excluding MFF), volume and other key costs (e.g. specialist top up %)	
C1.5 Activity Costs covered by Local Tariff	Not applicable
List all the HRGs (if applicable), HRG or local description, estimated average tariff, volume and any other key costs. Also indicate whether the Local Tariff(s) is/are newly proposed or established and if newly proposed how is has been derived, validated and tested.	
C1.6 Other Activity Costs not covered by National or Local Tariff Include descriptions and estimates of all key costs.	The development agreement with the two provider Trusts state that in the first five years payments after service commences payments will be made on actual costs validated by NHSE as covered by the open book accounting period. Technical and clinical capacity will be 'ramped-up' over a period of 18months – two years at each service. Costs identified in the open-book accounting period will be used to calculate the tariff for future years at which point it will be decided if there should be a national or local tariff.
C1.7 Are there any prior approval mechanisms required either during implementation or permanently?	Yes Please specify: A referral pathway and portal is under development that

	will ensure referrals are made within clinical commissioning policy and directed to a multi-disciplinary team (MDT) within each Trust.		
C2 Average Cost per Patient			
C2.1 What is the estimated cost per patient to NHS England, in	YR1	enter number.	
years 1-5, including follow-up where required?	YR2	enter number.	
	YR3	enter number.	
	YR4	enter number.	
	YR5	34,700	
Are there any changes expected in year 6-10 which would impact the model? C3 Overall Cost Impact of this Service specification to NHS Eng	technical and cli The year 5 figur	to identify a revenuinical capacity has b	ue cost per patient until at least full peen achieved, expected to be year 5. / maximum capacity as a placeholder
C3.1 Specify the budget impact of the proposal on NHS England in relation to the relevant pathway.	Cost neutral Please specify:		
	Proton beam the the Christie and years the expect	erapy and that is the UCLH and any res	urrently has a budget of £52m for e quantum used for the UK service at idual overseas treatments. In the initial services in the UK come on line the reduce.
C3.2 If the budget impact on NHS England cannot be identified set	N/A		

out the reasons why this cannot be measured.	
out the reasons why this cannot be measured.	
C3.3 If the activity is subject to a change of commissioning responsibility, from CCG to NHS England, has a methodology for the transfer of funds been identified, and calculated?	N/A
C4 Overall cost impact of this service specification to the NHS a	as a whole
C4.1 Specify the budget impact of the proposal on other parts of the NHS.	Budget impact for CCGs: No impact on CCGs Budget impact for providers: Cost neutral Please specify: In the first five years the service will be paid for based on validated costs
C4.2 Taking into account responses to C3.1 and C4.1, specify the budget impact to the NHS as a whole.	Cost neutral Please specify: The base assumption is that the new service will cost the same as the existing budget for PBT
4.3 Where the budget impact is unknown set out the reasons why this cannot be measured	N/A
C4.4 Are there likely to be any costs or savings for non-NHS commissioners and/or public sector funders?	No Please specify: Costs of treatment are solely within the NHS

C5 Funding	
C5.1 Where a cost pressure is indicated, state known source of funds for investment, where identified, e.g. decommissioning less clinically or cost-effective services.	N/A
C6 Financial Risks Associated with Implementing this Service s	pecification
C6.1 What are the material financial risks to implementing this service specification?	The main risk is the providers not getting up to capacity quick enough and that NHS England will have to cover fixed costs while continuing to send patients overseas. It will also be necessary to identify non-PBT costs incurred such as chemotherapy that are not connected to the introduction of PBT but which must be given concurrent to PBT and will need to move as patient flows change. The other risk is other costs that emerge that were not included in the original business case or Development Agreement, an example of which is accommodation.
C6.2 How can these risks be mitigated?	To manage the referrals issue the project team are working up transition plans with the providers to ensure the switch from overseas provision to UK. For the non PBT costs the invoices for current PBT activity are being analysed. Emerging costs are reviewed with the Trusts to mitigate on a case by case basis within the £52m quantum
C6.3 What scenarios (differential assumptions) have been explicitly tested to generate best case, worst case and most likely total cost	Costs and budgets have been based on the Full Business Cases submitted by both Trusts and agreed in the Development Agreement,

scenarios?	signed by Department of Health, NHS England & the two Trusts	
C6.4 What scenario has been approved and why?	Not applicable	
C7 Value for Money		
C7.1 What published evidence is available that the service is cost effective as evidenced in the evidence review?	There is no published evidence of cost-effectiveness Please specify: The current service provision involves sending patients either to the U or to Europe. The average cost per patient exceeds £100k. At full clin and technical capacity, it is expected that treatment in the UK will short reduced costs / case. The true impact will not be quantified until the services are up and running at both sites.	ical
C7.2 Has other data been identified through the service	Select all that apply:	
specification development relevant to the assessment of value for money?	Available pricing data suggests the service specification is equivalent cost compared to current/comparator service specification	
	Available pricing data suggests the service is lower cost compared to current/comparator treatment	\boxtimes
	Available clinical practice data suggests the new service specification has the potential to improve value for money	
	Other data has been identified	
	No data has been identified	
	The data supports a high level of certainty about the impact on value	
	The data does not support a high level of certainty about the	

	impact on value
	Please specify: Comparison with costs per patient currently being paid through the Proton Overseas Programme
C8 Non-Recurrent Costs	
C8.1 Are there non-recurrent revenue costs associated with this service specification?	Yes If yes, please specify and indicate whether these would be incurred or passed through to NHS England: Any non recurring costs will be captured in the open book accounting period If the costs are to be passed through to NHS England please indicate whether this has been taken into account in the budgetary impact. Yes
C8.2 Are there any non-recurrent provider capital costs associated with the service specification?	No If yes, please specify and indicate with there is a separate source of funding identified (commissioners cannot reimburse capital costs).