

Integrated Impact Assessment Report for Clinical Commissioning Policies					
Policy Reference Number	1904	1904			
Policy Title	Transcranial magnetic resonance guided focused ultrasound thalamotomy for treatment of medication-refractory essential tremor (adults)				
Proposal	for routine commission(ref A3.1)				
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About this Impact Assessment: instructions for completion and explanatory notes

- Each section is divided into themes with each theme setting out a number of questions.
- All figures should be provided up to 5 years only.
- The cost per patient methodology is impact against Year 0 rather than incrementally against the previous year.

- All questions are answered by selecting a drop-down option or including free text.
- Free text boxes are provided to enable succinct relevant commentary to be added which explains the rationale for response or assumption. Please limit responses to 3 sentences of explanatory text.
- Data in this document is either drawn from one of the relevant policy documents or a source for the information is provided.
- Where assumptions are included where data is not available, this is specified.
- A bespoke financial model should be developed unless agreed otherwise. This will be worked up against a checklist of inputs/considerations. This will include the approach to regional allocations which will also be outlined in the Commissioning Plan.

Section A - Activity Impact		
A1 Activity To be completed by the Clinical Policy Team A1.1 Provide the number of patients eligible for the treatment. If different, also provide the number of patients accessing treatment. Include OPCS codes where applicable.	150 Source: Policy proposition epidemiology section Please specify	
 A2 Existing Patient Pathway (complete where additional information to be completed by the Clinical Policy Team A2.1 Existing pathway: Describe the relevant currently routinely commissioned: Treatment or intervention Patient pathway Eligibility and/or uptake estimates. 	Action outside the policy proposition is likely to be beneficial) Currently routinely commissioned treatment for medication refractory essential tremor (ET) where the patient is ineligible for deep brain stimulation (DBS) is medication (propranolol, primidone, topiramate, gabapentin and benzodiazepines). Patient pathway: essential tremor is diagnosed by either a GP or movement disorder specialist, the patient is scored on a rating scale (such as clinical rating scale for tremor, CRST) and can be offered medication. Around 25-55% of patients with ET are refractory to medication. These patients can be assessed for eligibility for DBS, a surgical procedure performed by neurosurgeons, however it is estimated that 15% of patients would not be eligible for DBS. Source: Policy proposition inclusion criteria and patient pathway	

 A2.2 What percentage of the total eligible population is expected to: a) Be clinically assessed for treatment b) Choose to initiate treatment c) Comply with treatment A3 Comparator (next best alternative treatment) Patient Pathwa	If not known, please specify a) 40% b) 100% c) ~23% Source: Louis et al. 2015, policy proposition epidemiology section, PWG
(NB: comparator/next best alternative does not refer to current <i>To be completed by the Clinical Policy Team</i>	pathway but to an alternative option)
A3.1 Next best comparator:	No
Is there another 'next best' alternative treatment which is a relevant comparator?	
If yes, describe relevant	Source: N/A
 Treatment or intervention Patient pathway 	
 Actual or estimated eligibility and uptake 	
A3.2 What percentage of the total eligible population is estimated to:	Total estimated eligible or 'Not applicable'.
a) Be clinically assessed for treatment	a) Not applicable
 b) Be considered to meet an exclusion criteria following assessment 	b) Not applicable
c) Choose to initiate treatment	c) Not applicable
d) Comply with treatmente) Complete treatment?	d) Not applicable
	e) Not applicable Source: N/A
A4 New Patient Pathway	

To be completed by the Clinical Policy Team			
A4.1 Specify the nature and duration of the proposed new treatment or intervention. For example, e.g patients receive a course of treatment over 6 cycles with the drug being administered via IV infusion on days 1 and 3 of each cycle.	<u>One off</u> Source: Policy proposition proposed treatment		
Include OPCS codes where applicable.			
A5 Treatment Setting To be completed by the Clinical Policy Team			
A5.1 How is this treatment delivered to the patient?	Procedure is booked in advance as a day case procedure that usually takes 4-5 hours within a specialist neuroradiologist centre with access to MR-guided ultrasound		
A5.2 What is the current number of contracted providers for the eligible population by region?	Not currently commissioned but 1 Trust able to provide treatment.		
A5.3 Does the proposition require a change of delivery setting or capacity requirements?	A further centre may be required this will be assessed as the policy is implemented.		

A6 Coding				
A6.1 Specify the datasets used to record the new patient pathway	Select all that apply:			
activity.	Aggregate Contract Monitoring *			
*expected to be populated for all commissioned activity	Patient level contract monitoring	\boxtimes		
	Patient level drugs dataset			
	Patient level devices dataset			
	Devices supply chain reconciliation dataset			
	Secondary Usage Service (SUS+)			
	Mental Health Services DataSet (MHSDS) National Return** Clinical Database**			
	Other**			
	**If National Return, Clinical database or other	selecte	d, please specify:	
A6.2 Specify how the activity related to the new patient pathway	Clinical coding:			
will be identified.	ICD10 Diagnosis Code: G250 Essential tremor			
	OPCS Dominant Procedure Code: A032 Stereotactic ablation of tissue of thalamus			
	OPCS Additional Codes: Y115 Ultrasonic dest Y537 Approach to organ under magnetic reso		•	
A6.3 Identification Rules for Devices: How are device costs captured?	Not applicable			

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A6.4 Identification Rules for Activity: How are activity costs captured? (e.g., are there first and follow up outpatient appointments?)	Already correctly captured by an existing specialised service line (NCBPS code within the PSS Tool NCBPS08S ADULT SPECIALIST NEUROSCIENCES SERVICES: NEUROSURGERY		
	• - Service Impact by the Lead Commissioner		
B1 Service Organisation			
B1.1 Describe how the service is currently organised? (i.e. tertiary centres, networked provision etc.)	Not currently commissioned Source: required		
B1.2 Will the proposition change the way the commissioned service is organised?	No Please specify: Service will be commissioned from existing neuroscience centres <i>Source: required</i>		
B2 Geography & Access			
B2.1 How is the service currently accessed (e.g., self referral, referral from GP, secondary care, other)	Please specify: N/A – this is a new treatment option		
B2.2 What impact will the new policy have on the sources of referral?	No impact Please specify:		

B2.3 Is the new policy likely to improve equity ¹ of access?	IncreasePlease specify:Patient cohort is not eligible for Deep Brain StimulationSource: Equalities Impact Assessment (NB. this should be completed during Clinical Build/Impact Assessment phases)		
B2.4 Is the new policy likely to improve equality ¹ of access and/or outcomes?	IncreasePlease specify:Source: Equalities Impact Assessment (NB. this should be completed during Clinical Build/Impact Assessment phases)		
B3 Commissioning Responsibility			
B3.1 Is this service currently subject to, or planned for, place- based commissioning arrangements? (e.g. new service (NHS England responsibiliy), future CCG lead, devolved commissioning arrangements, STPs)	<u>No change - NHSE</u> Please specify:		
	- Finance Impact nce Lead with the exception of C1.2		
C1 Tariff/Pricing			
C1.1 How is the service contracted and/or charged? Only specify for the relevant section of the patient pathway	Select all that apply:		

¹ https://www.england.nhs.uk/wp-content/uploads/2016/02/nhse-specific-duties-equality-act.pdf 8

		Not separately charged – part of local or national tariffs	
		Excluded from tariff – pass through	
		Excluded from tariff – other	
		Not separately charged – part of local or national tariffs	
		Excluded from tariff (excluding HCTED programme) – pass through	
		Excluded from tariff (excluding HCTED) – other	
		Via HCTED model	
		Paid entirely by National Tariffs	
		Paid entirely by Local Tariffs	
		Partially paid by National Tariffs	\boxtimes
	Activity	Partially paid by Local Tariffs	
		Part/fully paid under a Block arrangement	
		Part/fully paid under Pass-Through arrangements	\boxtimes
		Part/fully paid under Other arrangements	
C1.2 Drug Costs <i>(to be completed by the Clinical Policy Team)</i> Where not included in national or local tariffs, list each drug or combination, dosage, quantity, list price including VAT if applicable and any other key information e.g. Chemotherapy Regime, homecare costs. Provide a basis for this assumption.	N/A		

NB discounted prices or local prices must not be included as these are subject to commercial confidentiality and must not be disclosed.	
C1.3 Device Costs (<i>to be completed by LC</i>) Where not included in national or local tariff, list each element of the excluded device, quantity, list or expected price including VAT if applicable and any other key information. NB: Discounted prices or local prices must not be included as these are subject to commercial confidentiality and must not be disclosed.	N/A
C1.4 Activity Costs covered by National Tariffs (to be completed by Finance) List key HRG codes and descriptions, national tariffs (excluding MFF), volume and other key costs (e.g. specialist top up %). Include details of first and follow up outpatients appointment etc.	HRG AA71 Stereotactic Intracranial Radiosurgery, for Neoplasms or Other Neurological Conditions AA71A Stereotactic Intracranial Radiosurgery, for Neoplasms or Other Neurological Conditions, with CC Score 4+ £5,191 (c67% of patients) AA71B Stereotactic Intracranial Radiosurgery, for Neoplasms or Other Neurological Conditions, with CC Score 0-3 £4,955 (c33% of patients) Specialised Top Up for NCBPS08S 38.52% Weighted Cost excluding MFF £7,083
C1.5 Activity Costs covered by Local Tariff (to be completed by <i>Finance</i>) List all the HRGs (if applicable), HRG or local description, estimated average tariff, volume and any other key costs. Also indicate whether the Local Tariff(s) is/are newly proposed or established and if newly proposed how is has been derived, validated and tested.	
C1.6 Other Activity Costs not covered by National or Local Tariff (to be completed by Finance)	Cost of Capital including Public Dividend Capital and assuming an asset life of 7 years £235,980 per year per provider

Include descriptions and estimates of all key costs.	Cost of Maintenance @ 8% per year in Years 2-7 (Year 1 covered by warranty £127,680 per year per provider (excluding year 1)			
C1.7 Are there any prior approval/notification mechanisms required either during implementation or permanently?	Please specify:			
C2 Average Cost per Patient				
C2.1 What is the average cost per patient per year for 5 years, including follow-up where required?	 The average cost per patient over years 1-5 is £12,990. This is based on the cost of the procedure only as all other costs remain unchanged (patients with medication refractory tremor are all currently assessed via an MDT so TcMRgFUS would be a new treatment option. The cost per patient is based on treating 650 patients over 5 years (50 in Year 1 and 150 per year in years 2-5). A second provider is commissioned from year 2. Maximum capacity per provider is 100 procedures per annum The revenue costs of capital and maintenance are paid as pass-through The additional cost per procedure if 3 centres were commissioned would be £1,989 (15.3%) due to the high capital cost of the kit required. The cost of £12,990 compares favourably to the cost of Deep Brain Stimulation (£25,430) which is commissioned for a different cohort of patients with Essential Tremor. 			

C3 Overall Cost Impact of this Policy to NHS England

		Cost pressure			
relation to the relevant pathway. Use list prices where drugs and devices are included. Commercial in confidence discounts are not	Year 1	£798.8k			
included therefore the actual cost pressure may be lower than	Year 2	£1,814.7k			
stated.	Year 3	£1,943.4k			
	Year 4	£1,943.4k			
	Year 5	£1,943.4k			
	The cost pressure is based on the optimum model of 2 providers.				
C3.2 If the budget impact on NHS England cannot be identified set out the reasons why this cannot be measured.	N/A				
C3.3 If the activity is subject to a change of commissioning responsibility, from CCG to NHS England, has a methodology for the transfer of funds been identified, and calculated?	N/A				
C4 Overall cost impact of this policy to the NHS as a whole					
C4.1 Specify the budget impact of the proposal on other parts of the NHS.	Budget impact for CCGs: <u>Cost saving</u> There will be a small cost saving from a reduction in prescribed medication.				

	Budget impact for providers: <u>Cost neutral</u>			
C4.2 Taking into account responses to C3.1 and C4.1, specify the	Cost press	ssure		
budget impact to the NHS as a whole.	Year 1	£798.8k		
	Year 2	£1,814.7k		
	Year 3	£1,943.4k		
	Year 4	£1,943.4k		
	Year 5	£1,943.4k		
C4.3 Are there likely to be any costs or savings for non-NHS commissioners and/or public sector funders?		No Please specify:		
C5 Funding				
C5.1 Where a cost pressure is indicated, state known source of funds for investment, where identified, e.g. decommissioning less clinically or cost-effective services.	CPAG Prioritisation Reserve			
C6 Financial Risks Associated with Implementing this Policy				

C6.1 Describe the parameters used to generate the low, mid and high case scenarios for patient numbers and activity. Specify the range.	The number of procedures is being capped at 150. If activity reaches this threshold the policy will be reviewed.			
C6.2 What scenario has been recommended and why? What would be the impact of a discounted scenario?	Due to the high capital outlay and annual maintenance costs the optimum model for service provision is 2 providers. The premium for a 3 rd provider would be an additional £355k per annum (15.3%). The assumed capacity per provider is c100 cases.			
C7 Cost Profile				
C7.1 Factors which impact on costs	Yes There is a high capital outlay for the service (c£1.6m) which will need to be sourced by the service provider. In order to share the cost risk between the commissioner and the 2 providers it is proposed to fund the			

The full integrated impact assessment should be used for all clinical commissioning policies and for policy statements which are proposing a for routine commissioning position. The rapid impact assessment template should be used for urgent policy statements and for policy statements which are proposing not for routine commissioning

Appendix A – Current Patient Population & Demography / Growth (for Public Health Lead to complete)

		Source	Please specify any further detail
Number of patients who meet the	[Enter number]		
proposed commissioning criteria			

and who would be treated if the proposal is approved per year. Age group for which the treatment is proposed according to the proposed criteria	Adults/ Children/ Other specify]	: [please		
Age distribution of the patient population eligible according to the proposed criteria	[Enter number]/ Not applicable			
How is the population currently geographically distributed	Evenly/unevenly North Midlands & East London South		Policy proposition (section 6)	
What are the growth assumptions for the disease / condition?			Policy proposition (section 6)	
Is there evidence of current inequalities in access to service or outcomes?				
Is there evidence that implementing the policy/service specification will improve current inequities of access or outcomes?				